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MISCELLANEOUS.

Abstract of the Population of Saxony in the Years 1834-7-40-3-6-9, from the Statistical Department of the Minister of the Interior.—Translated and Compiled by A. S. OLIVER MASSEY, ESQ.

CLASSIFICATION OF THE POPULATION.																						
Years.	Sex.	Inhabited Houses.	Families.	Population.	Triennial Increase.	Triennial Increase per Cent.	Condition.						Creed.					Age.		Blind.	Deaf and Dumb.	Insane.
							Children and Unmarried.	Married, living together.	Divorced.	Separated.	Widowed.	Lutherans.	Reformers.	Roman Catholics.	German Catholics.	Greek Catholics.	Jews.	Under 14.	Above 14.			
1834	Male	...	...	775,244	...	...	464,612	...	1,430	5,451	25,939	...	...	...	...	...	...	261,173	514,071	176	555
	Fem.	...	...	830,424	...	...	470,385	...	2,668	5,762	64,197	...	...	...	...	...	...	264,153	556,371	148	455
	Total	209,122	331,723	1,595,668	...	...	934,897	277,812	3,898	11,213	90,136	1,565,170	1,620	27,938	...	90	850	525,226	1,070,442	324	1,010
1837	Male	...	...	804,802	28,758	...	484,965	...	1,497	5,491	26,280	...	...	...	...	...	...	264,549	539,453	189	665
	Fem.	...	...	848,112	27,688	...	483,871	...	2,398	5,419	60,655	...	...	...	...	...	...	269,372	578,380	237	514
	Total	212,857	368,122	1,652,114	56,446	3.53	978,836	285,769	3,895	10,910	86,935	1,620,393	1,803	28,998	...	72	848	533,921	1,117,833	426	1,179	
1840	Male	...	...	829,655	25,653	...	501,917	...	1,602	5,213	27,198	812,610	976	15,493	...	79	497	268,390	561,275	579	638
	Fem.	...	...	876,621	28,509	...	505,445	...	2,545	5,466	69,440	860,700	879	14,611	...	60	371	274,290	602,322	621	514
	Total	212,144	384,760	1,706,276	54,162	3.27	1,007,362	293,725	4,147	10,679	96,638	1,673,310	1,855	30,104	...	139	868	542,679	1,163,597	1,200	1,172	
1843	Male	...	...	855,620	25,965	...	517,699	...	1,634	5,692	27,856	838,171	1,124	15,735	...	78	512	278,698	576,922	566	644
	Fem.	...	...	902,180	25,559	...	521,249	...	2,667	5,699	69,926	886,171	954	14,641	...	49	370	283,627	618,563	563	512
	Total	216,020	385,108	1,757,800	51,524	3.02	1,038,948	302,739	4,301	11,391	97,682	1,724,342	2,078	30,376	...	127	882	562,325	1,195,475	1,123	1,156	
1846	Male	...	...	895,918	40,298	...	541,594	...	1,701	8,131	29,730	876,279	1,371	16,855	751	73	589	297,455	598,463	656	549
	Fem.	...	...	941,515	39,335	...	541,882	...	2,853	6,288	74,750	922,842	1,198	15,689	347	40	399	301,718	638,797	715	496
	Total	220,255	403,518	1,836,433	79,633	4.47	1,083,476	314,762	4,554	14,399	104,480	1,799,121	3,569	32,544	1,098	113	988	599,173	1,237,260	1,371	1,046	
1849	Male	...	...	923,264	27,346	...	538,756	...	1,764	8,800	31,360	903,990	1,313	17,041	1,048	58	584	296,065	627,179	773	662
	Fem.	...	...	971,167	29,652	...	538,989	...	3,138	8,661	77,385	932,022	1,268	16,684	734	31	438	299,925	671,242	790	553
	Total	223,368	420,125	1,894,431	56,998	3.16	1,117,745	322,524	4,892	17,521	109,215	1,865,232	2,561	33,725	1,772	89	1,022	596,010	1,296,421	1,563	1,215	

The Population of Switzerland, in a Religious Point of View.—By PROFESSOR BAUP.
From Evangelical Christendom, vol. vi., p. 71.

Total Population	From 1803 to 1811, 1,435,000.		In 1837 and 1838, 2,190,258.		Census of 1850, 2,392,740.			Total Popula- tion in 1850.
	Catholics.	Reformed.	Catholics.	Reformed.	Catholics.	Reformed.	Jews.	
Zurich.....	900	174,100	1,000	230,576	6,690	243,928	80	250,678
Berne.....	450	182,500	53,000	354,913	54,044	403,769	480	458,225
Lucerne.....	102,972	80	124,000	521	131,280	1,563	...	132,846
Uri.....	11,121	...	15,519	...	14,493	12	...	14,505
Schwytz.....	40,000	6	40,650	...	44,013	155	...	44,168
Unterwald, Haut	11,300	...	...	...	13,783	16	...	13,799
Bas.....	11,294	...	22,571	...	11,327	12	...	11,339
Glaris.....	3,000	16,000	4,000	25,348	3,932	26,261	...	30,213
Zug.....	13,000	...	15,655	...	17,336	125	...	17,469
Fribourg.....	60,013	6,190	82,145	9,000	87,753	12,133	5	99,890
Soleure.....	42,924	3,403	57,196	6,000	61,556	8,097	21	69,674
Bâle Ville.....	2,746	37,486	6,000	59,424	5,508	24,083	107	29,698
Campagne.....	...	...	...	...	9,052	38,818	15	47,885
Schaffhouse.....	262	24,824	300	30,825	1,411	33,880	9	35,300
Appenzell, R. Ext.	...	38,351	...	41,080	875	42,746	...	43,621
R. Inter.....	10,211	...	10,350	...	11,320	42	...	11,272
St. Gall.....	81,309	48,957	100,000	58,855	105,370	64,192	63	169,625
Grisons.....	26,700	41,700	32,455	52,051	38,039	51,855	1	89,895
Argovie.....	61,600	70,149	88,500	94,255	91,096	107,194	1,562	199,852
Thurgovie.....	17,032	60,059	19,998	62,126	21,921	66,984	3	88,908
Tessin.....	89,000	...	113,923	(?)	117,707	50	2	117,759
Vaud.....	2,000	143,000	3,400	180,182	6,962	192,225	388	199,575
Valais.....	...	...	75,798	300	81,128	430	1	83,812
Neuchâtel.....	...	...	2,400	56,216	5,570	64,952	231	70,753
Genève.....	...	...	22,000	36,666	29,764	34,212	170	64,146
	587,834	846,805	888,860	1,300,036	971,820	1,417,474	3,146	...
Proportion.....	41 in 100	59 in 100	40 $\frac{1}{2}$ in 100	59 $\frac{1}{2}$ in 100	40 $\frac{1}{5}$ in 100	59 $\frac{1}{5}$ in 100	$\frac{1}{30}$ in 100	...

In every 1,000 persons, 593 would be Reformed, 406 Catholic, and 1 a Jew; 3 Reformed to 2 Catholics. The proportion borne by the Reformed to the Catholic population remains much as it was, notwithstanding the accession of the Valais, Neuchâtel, and Geneva, in 1815, and the various degrees in which the population of the different cantons has increased. The Catholic population has decreased, and the Reformed increased, in the cantons of Berne, Glaris, St. Gall, and Argovie; while, on the contrary, the Reformed has decreased, and the Catholic increased, in the Grisons, Thurgovie, the city and canton of Bâle, Neuchâtel, and Geneva, especially in the latter canton.

Diminution of Roman Catholics and Increase of the Reformed.

Berne..... in 1837-38	13 per cent.	.....	Catholics..... in 1850	11 $\frac{1}{5}$ per cent. of the Population.
.....	87	.....	Reformers.....	88 $\frac{4}{5}$
Glaris..... in 1803-11	13 $\frac{1}{5}$ .....	.....	Catholics.....	13
.....	86 $\frac{4}{5}$ .....	.....	Reformers.....	87
St. Gall.....	62 $\frac{4}{5}$ .....	.....	Catholics.....	62 $\frac{1}{5}$
.....	37 $\frac{1}{5}$ .....	.....	Reformers.....	37 $\frac{4}{5}$
Argovie.....	46 $\frac{1}{5}$ .....	.....	Catholics.....	46
.....	53 $\frac{4}{5}$ .....	.....	Reformers.....	54

Diminution of the Reformed and Increase of Roman Catholics.

Grisons..... in 1803-11	61 per cent.	.....	Reformers..... in 1850	57 $\frac{1}{10}$ per cent. of the Population.
.....	39 .....	.....	Catholics.....	42 $\frac{9}{10}$
Thurgovie.....	77 $\frac{1}{5}$ .....	.....	Reformers.....	75 $\frac{4}{5}$
.....	22 $\frac{4}{5}$ .....	.....	Catholics.....	24 $\frac{1}{5}$
Bâle.....	90 $\frac{4}{5}$ .....	.....	Reformers.....	81 $\frac{1}{5}$
.....	9 $\frac{1}{5}$ .....	.....	Catholics.....	18 $\frac{4}{5}$
Neuchâtel.. in 1837-38	95 $\frac{1}{5}$ .....	.....	Reformers.....	92 $\frac{4}{5}$
.....	4 $\frac{1}{5}$ .....	.....	Catholics.....	8
Genève.....	62 $\frac{1}{5}$ .....	.....	Reformers.....	53 $\frac{1}{5}$
.....	37 $\frac{1}{5}$ .....	.....	Catholics.....	46 $\frac{4}{5}$

At Geneva, from 1837-38 to 1850, a period of about eleven years, the Roman Catholic population increased $\frac{15}{100}$, about $\frac{1}{10}$ annually; but the Reformed scarcely $\frac{1}{100}$, being less than $\frac{1}{100}$.

The Roman Catholic population tripled itself in twenty-five years.

The German language is spoken by	..... $\frac{11}{10}$	of the entire population	1,670,000
The French .....	..... $\frac{1}{10}$ .....	.....	474,000
The Italian .....	..... about $\frac{1}{100}$ .....	.....	133,500
The Romande .....	.....	.....	45,000

PROCEEDINGS OF THE STATISTICAL SOCIETY OF LONDON.

SESSION 1851-2.

Third Ordinary Meeting. Monday, 19th January, 1852.

Lieut.-Colonel W. H. Sykes, Vice-President, in the Chair.

The following Gentlemen were elected Fellows of the Society :—

De Burgh Birch, Esq. M.D.	|	Peter Hardy, Esq.
		Harrington Tuke, Esq.

The following Papers were read :—

1. Statistics of Coffee and the Coffee Trade. By John Crawford, Esq.
2. On the Taxation and Revenue of Frankfort-on-the-Maine. By Lieut.-Colonel W. H. Sykes.

Fourth Ordinary Meeting. Monday, 16th February, 1851.

Sir C. Lemon, Bart. M.P. Vice-President, in the Chair.

The following Gentlemen were elected Fellows of the Society :—

Henry Edwards, Esq.	|	Henry Sutton, Esq.
Henry J. Hose, Esq.		J. Carrington Jones, Esq.
		James George Stirton, Esq.

The following Gentlemen were elected Foreign Honorary Members :—

M. Ramon de la Sagra.	|	Dr. Friedlander.
Mr. J. G. Kennedy.		Dr. Schleisner.
		M. Visschers.

The following Paper was read :—

- On the Employment of Farm Schools or Agricultural Colonies, on the Continent, for the Education of Pauper, and the Reformation of Delinquent, Children. By Joseph Fletcher, Esq., Hon. Sec.

THE MARRIAGES, BIRTHS, AND DEATHS, REGISTERED IN THE DIVISIONS, COUNTIES, AND DISTRICTS OF ENGLAND, *For the Quarter ended 30th September, 1851,*

AS PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY OF THE REGISTRAR-GENERAL.

THIS return comprises the births and deaths registered by 2,189 registrars in all the districts of England during the Summer quarter ending September 30th, 1851; and the marriages in more than 12,000 churches or chapels, about 3,190 registered places of worship unconnected with the Established Church, and 623 superintendent registrars' offices, in the quarter that ended June 30th, 1851. The return of marriages is not complete; but the defects are inconsiderable, and approximative numbers have been supplied from the records of previous years. The marriages still exceed the average, but are less numerous than the marriages in the corresponding quarter of last year. The births continue to increase rapidly, and the mortality is below the average. The returns, therefore, present a favourable view of the state of the country.

MARRIAGES.—38,498 marriages were registered in the quarter ending June 30th. This number is less by 520 than the number registered in the Spring quarter of

1850, but more by 3,777 than the number registered in the Spring quarter of 1848. The marriages only amounted to 30,048 in the Spring quarter of 1842; they rose to 34,268 in the Spring quarter of 1844; to 37,111 in the Spring quarter of 1846; declined to 35,197 in 1847; and rose again to 39,018 in the Spring quarter of 1850. Every marriage is the establishment of a family, and is generally the result of some deliberation; it is not surprising, therefore, that the prosperity of the country and the prospects of the people should be expressed pretty accurately by the fluctuations in the marriage returns.

While the marriages increased rapidly in some parts, they were stationary or decreased in others. In London, 6,515 couples were married; which exceeds the number married in the summer of 1848 by 1,106. In Surrey, out of London, in Sussex, Kent, and Berkshire, the marriages were nearly stationary; in Hampshire they decreased. In the South Midland, the Eastern Counties, as well as in Wiltshire, Dorsetshire, and Devonshire, marriage was stationary or decreased; in Cornwall and Somersetshire there was an increase. In Gloucestershire marriage was stationary; in Herefordshire and Shropshire the numbers married were unprecedentedly low; in Staffordshire, Worcestershire, and Warwickshire—including the chief seats of the Midland iron trade—the marriages increased. The marriages rose from 383, in 1848, to 487 in Birmingham. In Leicestershire, Rutlandshire, and Lincolnshire the marriages were below, in Nottinghamshire and Derbyshire above, the average number; the excess occurring chiefly in the districts of Nottingham, Chesterfield, and Hayfield. The marriages in Cheshire and Lancashire decreased. The decrease was considerable in Liverpool, and greater still in Manchester. In the West Riding of Yorkshire there is an excess; and this is most conspicuous in Sheffield, where the marriages in the five Summer quarters ending June 1847-51 were 283, 273, 289, 339, and 404! In Leeds the marriages were 351 in the June quarter of 1848; 530 and 487 in the corresponding quarters of 1850 and 1851. In Hull the marriages increased from 147 in the June quarter of the cholera year 1849 to 175 in 1850, but have fallen again to 158. The marriages decreased in the North Riding of Yorkshire, in Northumberland and Cumberland; increased in the coal districts of Durham. In Monmouthshire and Wales marriages were less frequent than in 1850.

It has been observed that the marriages increase after a fatal epidemic; and in the present return the marriages, it is seen, have been in excess generally where cholera was most fatal in 1849.

BIRTHS.—150,584 births have been registered in the quarter ending September 30th, 1851. This is the greatest number of births ever registered in the same season of the year, and exceeds by 23,411, and 15,361, and 3,614, the births in the September quarters of 1847, 1849, and 1850. The births of 467,096 children have already been registered, and it is probable that in the year the numbers will not fall short of 600,000. The increase is distributed over all the divisions of the country except the South Midland.

INCREASE OF POPULATION.—While 150,584 children were born and registered in the Summer quarter, 91,600 persons died; leaving an excess of 58,984 in the population. The excess of births over deaths in the first 9 months of the present year has been 170,411, which is probably more than equivalent to the actual increase of the population.

IMMIGRATION AND EMIGRATION.—It is well known that up to a late period there has been a constant immigration of the Irish and Scotch into England, which appears to have been fully equivalent to the emigration of the English into the colonies and to foreign parts; but no exact statistical information on this subject exists.

85,603 emigrants left the ports of the United Kingdom at which there are government emigration officers in the quarter ending September 30th, 1851. This is at the rate of 930 a day; 6,510 a week. 13,963 sailed from Irish ports, 4,378 from Glasgow and Greenock, and 67,262 from three English ports; namely, 10,062 from London, 2,799 from Plymouth, and 54,401 from Liverpool. Many of the Irish emigrants are returned at Liverpool. Of the total number 68,960 emigrants sailed to the United States, 9,268 to British North America, 6,097 to the Australian

Colonies, and 1,278 to other places. The emigration has hitherto been greater in 1851 than it was in the corresponding quarters of 1850*.

The present movement of the population is in many respects remarkable. The free admission of grain, fruit, and meat, since the scarcity is equivalent to an addition to the country of a vast tract of fertile soil, which calls for cultivators, and, as the land is abroad, for agricultural emigrants who prefer the cheap though distant lands of America to the high-rented farms of Ireland, no longer possessing a monopoly for its produce in the English market. The fact deserves attention, that while the United Kingdom has been importing food in unprecedented quantities, it has been sending out swarms of emigrants from the population, of which the marriages and births promise to keep up a perpetual and increasing supply.

Prices of Provisions, &c., in the Quarter ending September 30th, 1851.

Average Price of Consols.	Average Price of Wheat per Quarter in England and Wales.	Quarters of Wheat sold in the 290 Cities and Towns in England and Wales making Returns.	Quarters of Wheat and Wheat Flour entered for Home Consumption at Chief Ports of Great Britain.	Average Prices of Meat per lb. at Leadenhall and Newgate Markets (by the Carcase).		Potatoes (York Regents) per Ton at Waterside Market, Southwark, when the supply of old Potatoes ceased.
				Beef.	Mutton.	
£96½	40s. 7d.	971,276	1,183,523	3d.—5d. Mean 4d.	3½d.—5½d. Mean 4½d.	90s.—110s.

STATE OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH.—The health of different parts of the country differs widely, and the difference is greatest in summer. In the 10 summer quarters of 1841-50 the mortality in 506 districts, comprising, when the census was taken, 10,126,886 people, was at the rate of 18·15 in 1000 *annually*; while in 117 districts, comprising the chief towns, and 7,795,882 people, the mortality was at the rate of 25 in 1000 *annually*. Thus, at least, 7 in every 25 deaths which occur in towns are the result of artificial causes. The mortality in the quarter ending September 1851 was at the rate of 23 and 17·93 in 1000 in the two groups of districts; it was a little below the average in the country, and considerably below the average in the towns. The *annual rate* of mortality per cent. in all England was, on the average of 10 summers, 2·099; in the summer quarter of 1851 it was 2·020.

Population and Mortality per cent. in the Summer Quarters of 11 Years, 1841-51.

	Population		Deaths in Summer Quarters.		Annual Rate of Mortality of 10 Summer Quarters, 1841-50.	Annual Rate of Mortality in the Summer Quarter, 1861.
	Enumerated June 7th, 1841.	Enumerated March 31st, 1851.	1841-50.	1851.		
In 117 Districts, comprising the chief towns	6,612,958	7,795,882	452,757	46,061	2·522	2·349
In 506 Districts, comprising chiefly small towns and country parishes	9,301,190	10,126,886	440,407	45,539	1·815	1·793
All England ...	15,914,148	17,922,768	893,164	91,600	2·099	2·020

* Return with which the Registrar General has been favoured by the Emigration Commissioners. At the time the Return was made it was not quite complete.

London has enjoyed a degree of health above the average in the last Summer quarter : 13,064 deaths were registered, which is a less number than was registered in the Summer quarters of 1847 and 1848, and half the number (27,172) registered in the Summer quarter of 1849, when cholera was epidemic. During the three months of July, August, and September, more people have passed through or resided temporarily in London, with its 2,361,640 inhabitants, than ever passed through any city before in the same time. The past experience of large armies, or of the pilgrimages of the east and of the middle ages, might have justified the sinister forebodings which some entertained ; but the railways and the improvement in sanitary arrangements have now rendered it possible to move masses of men about in thousands and millions without danger to the public health, as the event has here proved. The deaths by violence, though less than in previous summers, were 363 ; 10 by poison, 35 by burns and scalds, 43 by hanging or suffocation, 89 by drowning, 156 by fractures and contusions, 21 by wounds, and 9 by other violence.

The number of suicides and murders registered in London was less in 1851 than in the summer quarters of 1847, 1848, and 1850.

	1847.	1848.	1849.	1850.	1851.
Suicides	65	59	48	58	48
Murders	5	7	3	4	4
Manslaughters	4	2	2	....	4
Found drowned	74	68	53	62	56
	35	42	38	35	31
Total	109	110	91	97	87

The deaths by poison in the Summer quarters of 1848-50, were 15, 20, 26 ; and instead of increasing, they were only 10 in the Summer of 1851. This decrease is highly gratifying, as it follows so immediately the recent legislation on the subject. Fractures and contusions were more fatal than in 1849-50, but not more fatal than in 1848. That other form of poisoning, intemperance in the use of alcoholic drinks, seems also to be declining ; 16 deaths were ascribed to intemperance, 55 to delirium tremens, in the Summer quarter of 1850 ; while 13 and 35 were referred to the same causes in the Summer quarter of 1851. No person has died of hydrophobia in any Summer quarter since 1843. The deaths from that cause in the 6 years 1846-51 were 3 ; in the 6 years 1840-5 they amounted to 15 ; in the year 1839 to 4 ; in 1838 to 12. The decrease of this dreadful form of disease may be fairly ascribed to improved police regulations. 34 women died of metria ; 55 of the other incidents of childbirth. 1,683 persons died of consumption ; next to this disease in fatality, and far above all other diseases, was diarrhoea, which destroyed 1,456 lives in 3 months. Summer cholera was more fatal than it was in the Summer quarters of 1847-8 ; and more than twice as fatal as it was in the Summer of 1850. There has been a progressive increase of diarrhoea since the Summer of 1841, when only 228 persons died of the disease ; 627 deaths were referred to typhus, 38 to remittent fever. Typhus was increasing at the close of the quarter.

MORTALITY OF THE METROPOLIS.

A Table of the Mortality in the Metropolis, showing the Number of Deaths from all Causes, in the Quarters ending September of the Four Years, 1848-49-50-51.

CAUSES OF DEATH.	Quarters ending Sept.				CAUSES OF DEATH.	Quarters ending Sept.			
	1848.	1849.	1850.	1851.		1848.	1849.	1850.	1851.
ALL CAUSES.....	13,503	27,109	11,578	12,887	III. Scrofula.....	86	85	80	95
SPECIFIED CAUSES.....	13,450	27,050	11,520	12,837	Tabes Mesenterica.....	250	282	238	251
I. Zymotic Diseases....	5,162	17,768	3,011	3,854	Phthisis or Consumption.....	1,534	1,506	1,508	1,683
SPORADIC DISEASES.					Hydrocephalus.....	351	393	357	348
II. Dropsy, Cancer, and other Diseases of uncertain or variable Seat.....	524	540	574	571	Cephalitis.....	125	134	131	132
III. Tubercular Diseases.....	2,221	2,266	2,183	2,377	Apoplexy.....	282	282	281	293
IV. Diseases of the Brain, Spinal Marrow, Nerves, and Senses.....	1,369	1,531	1,372	1,334	Paralysis.....	213	248	245	239
V. Diseases of the Heart and Blood-Vessels.....	377	455	424	418	Delirium Tremens.....	33	61	55	35
VI. Diseases of the Lungs and of the other Organs of Respiration.....	973	1,211	1,032	1,163	Chorea.....	3	..	1	..
VII. Diseases of the Stomach, Liver, and other Organs of Digestion.....	858	861	748	803	Epilepsy.....	70	101	68	77
VIII. Diseases of the Kidneys, &c.....	143	143	166	131	Tetanus.....	3	7	4	..
IX. Childbirth, Diseases of the Uterus, &c.....	103	118	116	119	Insanity.....	16	20	20	33
X. Rheumatism, Diseases of the Bones, Joints, &c.....	75	84	100	94	Convulsions.....	466	512	422	444
XI. Diseases of the Skin, Cellular Tissue, &c.....	27	15	16	20	Disease of Brain, &c.....	158	166	145	138
XII. Malformations.....	44	49	43	37	Pericarditis.....	30	22	25	27
XIII. Premature Birth & Debility.....	254	364	370	406	Aneurism.....	19	19	20	21
XIV. Atrophy.....	339	458	361	416	Disease of Heart.....	328	414	379	370
XV. Age.....	399	558	439	502	Laryngitis.....	36	33	43	28
XVI. Sudden*.....	111	184	115	85	Bronchitis.....	357	422	390	469
XVII. Violence, Privation, Cold, and Intemperance.....	471	450	450	447	Pleurisy.....	22	30	24	33
					Pneumonia.....	388	587	439	478
					Asthma.....	64	62	83	66
					Disease of Lungs, &c.....	106	77	63	89
					Teething.....	117	153	121	132
					Quinsey.....	14	20	15	14
					Gastritis.....	24	22	32	34
					Enteritis.....	166	135	106	114
					Peritonitis.....	62	48	57	44
					Ascites.....	31	29	35	35
					Ulceration (of Intestines, &c.).....	30	31	28	32
					Hernia.....	25	28	21	33
					Ileus.....	38	40	33	33
					Intussusception.....	17	15	8	12
					Stricture of the Intestinal Canal.....	9	6	13	10
					Dis. of Stomach, &c.....	75	78	53	82
					Disease of Pancreas.....	..	..	1	..
					Hepatitis.....	63	57	47	46
					Jaundice.....	40	41	52	41
					Disease of Liver.....	144	156	125	139
					Disease of Spleen.....	3	2	1	2
					Nephritis.....	7	7	10	7
					Nephria (or Bright's Disease).....	39	30	33	25
					Ischuria.....	3	4	3	1
					Diabetes.....	7	8	9	10
					Stone.....	9	8	6	6
					Cystitis.....	8	10	8	5
					Stricture of Urethra.....	12	12	16	11
					Dis. of Kidneys, &c.....	58	64	81	66
					IX. Paramenia.....	..	2	2	1
					Ovarian Dropsy.....	12	14	20	15
					Childbirth, see Metria.....	57	61	57	55
					Dis. of Uterus, &c.....	34	41	37	48
					X. Arthritis.....	..	3	1	2
					Rheumatism.....	45	44	53	46
					Disease of Joints, &c.....	30	37	46	46
					XI. Carbuncle.....	6	2	9	4
					Phlegmon.....	8	7	3	6
					Disease of Skin, &c.....	13	6	4	10
					XVII. Intemperance.....	15	15	16	13
					Privation.....	2	12	2	3
					Want of Breast Milk, see Privation & Atrophy.....	59	69	57	67
					Neglect.....	4	3	1	..
					Cold, see Privation.....	15	20	26	10
					Poison.....	31	32	26	35
					Burns and Scalds.....	36	35	53	43
					Hanging, &c.....	116	96	94	89
					Drowning.....	156	131	137	156
					Fractures and Contusions.....	26	18	19	21
					Wounds.....	11	18	19	9
					Other Violence.....	53	59	58	50
					Causes not specified.....	..	..	..	..

* Under the head of "sudden deaths," are classed not only deaths described as sudden, of which the cause has not been ascertained or stated; but also all deaths returned by the Coroner in vague terms, such as "found dead," "natural causes," &c., &c.

† In the years previous to 1848, "Worms" and "Infantile Fever" were classed together. The former, of very rare occurrence, is now placed to diseases of stomach, &c.

METEOROLOGICAL TABLE for the Quarter ending September 30, 1851.

NAMES OF THE PLACES.	Mean Pressure of Dry Air reduced to the level of the Sea.	Mean Tempera- ture of the Air.	Highest Reading of the Thermo- meter.	Lowest Reading of the Thermo- meter.	Mean daily Range of Temperature.	Mean monthly Range of Temp.	Range of Temp. in the Quarter.	Mean Tempera- ture of Evaporation.	Mean Tempera- ture of the Dew Point.	Mean Strength.	WIND.		Mean Amount of Cloud.	RAIN.		Mean Weight of Vapour in a Cu. bic Foot of Air.	Mean additional weight required to saturate a cu. bic Foot of Air.	Mean Degree of Humidity.	In. Gr.	Mean Weight of a Cubic Foot of Air.	Height of Climen of Barom. above Level of the Sea.
											General Direction.	Mean Strength.		No. of days on which it fell.	Amount collected.						
Jersey	29.651	61.2	85.0	42.0	18.1-34.0	48.0	58.0	58.0	55.5	1.8	N.W., S.W., & N.E.	3-3	27	3.65	5.1	1.1	0.822	6.3	528	75	
Guernsey.....	29.619	60.7	76.0	48.0	9.6-20.8	28.0	58.2	58.2	56.5	1.4	N.W., S.W., & N.E.	4.1	26	3.22	5.2	0.82	6.0	527	123		
Halsion.....	29.652	59.8	79.0	42.0	17.5-36.7	37.0	56.6	56.6	54.6	1.3	N.W., S.W., & N.E.	6.6	40	8.25	5.0	0.86	0.852	106	528		
Falmouth.....	29.652	59.9	81.0	39.0	19.9-38.7	42.0	56.8	56.8	54.9	1.3	N.W., S.W., & N.E.	5.4	32	6.87	4.8	1.2	0.806	5.9	530	120	
Turco.....	29.637	60.4	79.0	34.0	17.5-38.7	45.0	56.8	56.8	53.9	2.5	N.W., S.W., & N.E.	5.4	32	6.87	4.8	1.2	0.806	5.9	530	120	
Torquay.....	29.652	59.8	75.0	45.0	12.6-25.3	30.0	54.6	54.6	51.0	0.5	N. & S.W.	2.9	29	5.20	4.7	1.3	0.788	5.7	529	160	
Exeter.....	29.611	60.4	79.0	38.7	18.3-35.6	40.3	56.2	56.2	52.9	1.8	N.W. & Var.	2.9	29	5.20	4.7	1.3	0.788	5.7	529	140	
Cornwall, Isle of Wight.....	29.653	60.4	78.0	39.0	18.3-35.6	39.0	56.7	56.7	55.0	1.7	N.W. & Var.	0.0	20	4.37	5.0	1.3	0.820	6.3	538	60	
Chichester.....	29.712	59.6	80.0	39.0	16.7-36.7	41.0	57.1	57.1	54.4	1.7	N.W. & S.W.	..	20	3.70	..	1.3	0.776	6.1	..	23	
Southampton.....	29.652	60.4	78.0	40.4	18.3-35.6	37.6	56.1	56.1	52.8	..	N.W. & S.W.	..	28	4.35	4.6	1.3	0.776	6.1	..	23	
Uckfield.....	29.628	61.9	88.0	35.0	22.6-43.8	53.0	56.9	56.9	53.2	0.8	N.W. & N.E.	6.0	23	5.27	4.7	1.5	0.747	5.8	528	180	
Leamington.....	29.660	59.7	83.8	37.0	19.9-41.6	46.8	53.1	53.1	51.4	0.6	N.W. & N.E.	6.6	31	6.55	4.4	1.4	0.767	5.4	529	82	
Royal Observatory, Greenwich.....	29.659	59.8	84.4	37.6	20.2-41.4	46.8	53.1	53.1	51.4	..	N.W. & N.E.	7.0	24	6.76	4.7	1.4	0.767	5.4	527	159	
Maldenstone Hill.....	29.660	59.5	81.0	33.3	15.9-36.3	42.7	56.0	56.0	53.0	..	N.W. & N.E.	..	32	7.03	4.7	1.6	0.747	5.7	526	96	
Chiswell Street Brewery.....	29.637	61.8	80.0	44.0	11.9-28.3	36.0	56.8	56.8	53.0	..	N.W. & N.E.	7.3	36	6.98	4.5	1.1	0.810	5.5	530	150	
St. John's Wood.....	29.652	58.0	80.0	40.0	16.9-36.8	40.0	54.6	54.6	51.8	2.2	N.W. & W.	6.4	30	6.55	4.5	1.0	0.851	6.0	525	230	
Rose Hill, near Oxford.....	29.648	57.9	81.8	33.0	20.2-41.3	48.8	55.1	55.1	54.3	..	N. & S.W.	6.0	46	..	4.5	1.4	0.815	5.6	525	230	
Thame.....	29.644	56.7	80.0	33.6	20.2-41.3	46.5	55.4	55.4	51.9	1.1	N. & S.W.	7.0	28	6.60	4.4	1.0	0.800	4.7	523	210	
Radclyffe Observatory.....	29.674	57.8	80.3	29.6	16.5-38.1	40.7	53.7	53.7	51.3	2.0	N.W. & N.E.	4.2	36	6.69	4.5	0.9	0.835	5.4	526	320	
Stone Observatory.....	29.634	57.8	82.5	37.2	20.8-40.0	45.3	54.6	54.6	51.5	0.8	N.W. & N.E.	6.6	39	6.55	4.7	1.0	0.866	5.7	525	250	
Hartwell House.....	29.620	58.7	80.8	33.0	22.0-42.1	47.8	55.8	55.8	53.3	1.3	N.W. & N.E.	4.6	38	..	4.8	1.3	0.788	5.7	525	284	
Hartwell Rectory.....	29.603	57.6	80.6	34.6	19.7-40.5	46.0	55.9	55.9	53.0	0.4	N.W. & N.E.	6.3	39	..	4.9	1.0	0.866	5.7	525	284	
Aylesbury.....	29.640	60.0	80.0	33.0	22.0-42.1	47.8	55.8	55.8	53.3	0.8	N.W. & N.E.	4.6	38	..	4.9	1.0	0.866	5.7	525	284	
Linslade.....	29.654	57.9	85.0	33.0	22.0-44.8	52.0	54.1	54.1	51.2	0.4	N.W. & N.E.	6.3	39	..	4.9	1.0	0.866	5.7	525	284	
Cardington.....	29.625	58.6	83.0	32.5	19.5-44.1	50.5	54.8	54.8	53.1	0.8	N.W. & N.E.	3.7	33	6.00	4.4	1.2	0.789	5.7	523	100	
Bedford.....	29.618	58.4	83.0	34.0	19.6-43.9	49.0	54.4	54.4	52.5	..	N.W. & W.	6.2	33	4.57	4.7	1.1	0.807	5.7	523	100	
Norwich.....	29.612	58.0	81.0	33.0	37.7	48.0	55.0	51.3	2.1	2.1	N.E. & W.	6.2	33	5.19	4.6	1.2	0.795	5.7	521	98	
Grantham.....	29.653	57.2	80.0	36.6	15.8-37.0	43.4	53.3	50.3	1.1	..	N.W. & S.W.	6.9	33	3.80	4.2	1.1	0.786	5.2	529	190	
Derby.....	29.661	58.0	77.0	34.0	35.0	43.0	54.5	51.5	..	..	N.E. & W.S.W.	6.9	33	3.80	4.2	1.1	0.786	5.2	529	190
Holkham.....	29.621	57.5	81.6	37.7	16.2-36.7	43.9	55.1	52.7	1.1	..	N.W. & N.W.	6.9	35	11.37	4.6	0.7	0.871	6.3	532	39	
Highfield House.....	29.610	57.6	84.5	35.0	22.5-45.0	49.5	54.0	51.4	0.4	..	N.W. & N.W.	6.7	42	7.09	4.4	1.1	0.808	5.4	530	103	
Havarden.....	29.650	57.8	80.2	41.5	13.4-32.0	38.7	54.8	52.2	1.8	..	N.W. & S.W.	7.1	41	6.55	4.6	1.0	0.845	5.5	529	260	
Gainsborough.....	29.621	56.8	82.0	36.0	17.3-40.3	46.0	53.0	50.7	0.2	..	N.W. & S.W.	6.0	36	7.42	4.4	1.1	0.840	5.3	532	30	
Liverpool Observatory.....	29.628	58.7	78.3	44.7	10.2-24.4	33.6	55.6	53.5	3.0	..	N.W. & S.W.	7.2	38	6.68	4.7	0.9	0.837	5.8	531	37	
Wanstead Prison.....	29.634	56.6	80.0	32.5	20.2-45.5	47.5	52.7	50.2	2.0	..	N.W. & S.W.	6.6	38	6.68	4.3	1.1	0.795	5.2	527	381	
Stonyhurst.....	29.668	54.9	77.5	33.9	15.9-36.8	43.6	51.9	49.3	1.3	..	N.W. & S.W.	6.6	38	6.68	4.3	1.1	0.795	5.2	527	381	
York.....	29.669	55.7	80.0	37.0	16.4-37.7	43.0	52.4	49.5	..	..	N.W. & N.E.	..	32	9.98	4.6	1.0	0.813	5.1	533	50
Whitehaven.....	29.685	55.9	74.0	41.0	11.5-28.3	33.0	54.1	52.4	2.0	..	N.W. & S.W.	..	39	9.98	4.6	1.0	0.813	5.1	533	50	
Durham.....	29.622	54.4	73.8	35.0	15.0-36.1	38.8	51.8	50.4	1.0	..	N.W. & S.W.	6.6	38	30.79	4.3	0.8	0.863	5.3	528	340	
Newcastle Lit. and Phil. Soc. North Shields.....	29.715	56.3	75.0	38.0	14.7-32.8	37.0	52.6	49.2	..	..	N.W. & S.W.	4.3	49	6.90	4.1	1.1	0.789	5.0	531	190
Glasgow.....	29.640	54.0	74.0	36.4	11.0-30.7	37.6	52.4	50.8	..	..	N.W. & S.W.	..	49	6.90	4.4	0.5	0.902	5.3	535	124
North Shields.....	29.640	54.0	74.0	36.4	11.0-30.7	37.6	52.4	50.8	..	..	N.W. & S.W.	..	49	6.90	4.4	0.5	0.902	5.3	535	124
Dublin.....	29.594	56.0	76.0	35.0	15.2-35.0	41.0	51.4	48.7	1.7	..	N.W. & S.W.	3.8	23	6.04	4.0	1.3	0.765	4.9	524	220	

REVENUE.

Abstract of the Net Produce of the Revenue of Great Britain in the Years and Quarters ending 5th January, 1851 and 1852; showing the Increase or Decrease thereof.—(Continued from page 373, vol. xiv.)

Sources of Revenue.	Years ending 5th January.			
	1851.	1852.	Increase.	Decrease.
	£	£	£	£
Customs.....	18,614,880	18,761,069	146,189	....
Excise	13,003,961	13,093,170	89,209	....
Stamps	6,095,641	5,933,549	....	162,092
Taxes.....	4,360,178	3,563,962	....	796,216
Property Tax	5,383,037	5,304,923	....	78,114
Post Office.....	820,000	1,064,000	244,000	....
Crown Lands.....	160,000	150,000	....	10,000
Miscellaneous	178,552	172,241	....	6,311
Total Ordinary Revenue	48,616,249	48,489,267	479,398	1,052,733
Imprest and other Moneys .	691,447	643,410	....	48,037
Repayments of Advances....	708,618	802,943	94,325	....
Total Income.....	50,016,314	49,489,267	573,723	1,100,770
Deduct Increase				573,723
Decrease on the Year				527,047

Sources of Revenue.	Quarters ending 5th January.			
	1851.	1852.	Increase.	Decrease.
	£	£	£	£
Customs	4,596,705	4,559,512	....	37,193
Excise	3,715,920	3,552,970	....	162,950
Stamps	1,459,721	1,427,485	....	32,236
Taxes.....	1,923,053	1,185,922	....	737,131
Property Tax.....	418,730	367,956	....	50,774
Post Office.....	152,000	246,000	94,000	....
Crown Lands.....	60,000	40,000	....	20,000
Miscellaneous	20,391	30,574	10,183	....
Total Ordinary Revenue	12,346,520	11,410,419	104,183	1,040,284
Imprest and other Moneys	132,246	117,545	....	14,701
Repayments of Advances ...	135,116	372,371	237,255	....
Total Income.....	12,613,882	11,900,335	341,438	1,054,985
Deduct Increase				341,438
Decrease on the Quarter				713,547

Consolidated Fund Operations.—The total income brought to this account in the quarter ending 5th January, 1852, was 12,000,055*l.* The total charge upon it was 7,840,140*l.*, leaving a surplus of 4,159,915*l.*

The surplus Revenue, after providing for the charges on the Consolidated Fund, and for the payment of Supply Services in Great Britain in the quarter ending 5th January, 1852, was 190,543*l.*

CORN.

Average Prices of Corn per Imperial Quarter in England and Wales, during each Week of the Fourth Quarter of 1851; together with the Average Prices for the whole Quarter.—(Continued from p. 374, vol. xiv.)

Returns received at the Corn Office, Board of Trade.			Wheat.		Barley.	Oats.	Rye.	Beans.	Peas.
			Weekly Average	Aggregate Average of Six Weeks' regulating Duty.	Weekly Average	Weekly Average	Weekly Average	Weekly Average	Weekly Average
Weeks ending, 1851.			s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
October	4	.....	35 7	37 8	25 1	17 6	24 2	27 10	27 1
	11	.....	35 6	37 1	25 2	17 3	25 0	27 8	26 2
	18	.....	36 0	36 7	24 9	17 0	23 6	27 6	27 2
	25	.....	36 9	36 4	25 5	17 5	23 8	28 6	27 7
November	1	.....	36 6	36 2	25 7	17 5	24 10	28 6	27 5
	8	.....	36 1	36 1	26 1	17 6	25 1	28 10	28 2
	15	.....	36 4	37 4	26 7	18 1	26 0	28 8	28 3
	22	.....	36 9	36 5	27 0	18 3	23 2	29 8	28 7
	29	.....	37 2	36 7	27 1	18 8	25 7	30 5	28 10
December	6	.....	37 6	36 9	27 0	18 2	27 6	30 6	29 6
	13	.....	37 5	36 11	26 8	18 6	27 2	30 2	30 0
	20	.....	37 7	37 2	26 6	18 3	27 4	29 9	29 6
	27	.....	37 2	37 3	26 3	18 3	28 1	29 2	29 0
Average for the Quarter			36 7½	..	26 1	17 10½	25 5½	29 0	28 3

Foreign and Colonial Wheat and Wheat-Flour imported in each of the Months ending 10th October, 5th November, and 5th December, 1851; the Quantities Entered for Home Consumption during the same Months; and the Quantities remaining in Warehouse at the close of them.—(Continued from p. 374, vol. xiv.)

[From the "London Gazette."]

WHEAT.

Months ending.	Imported.			Quantities entered for Home Consumption.			In Bond at the Month's end.		
	Foreign.	Colonial.	Total.	Foreign.	Colonial.	Total.	Foreign.	Colonial.	Total.
1851.	qrs.	qrs.	qrs.	qrs.	qrs.	qrs.	qrs.	qrs.	qrs.
10th Oct.	297,626	2,654	300,280	297,626	2,654	300,280	8,633	9	8,642
5th Nov.	139,178	2,748	141,926	139,178	2,748	141,926	8,633	9	8,642
5th Dec.	128,061	5,802	133,863	129,212	5,802	135,014	7,483	0	7,492

WHEAT-FLOUR.

Months ending.	Imported.			Quantities entered for Home Consumption.			In Bond at the Month's end.		
	Foreign.	Colonial.	Total.	Foreign.	Colonial.	Total.	Foreign.	Colonial.	Total.
1851.	cwts.	cwts.	cwts.	cwts.	cwts.	cwts.	cwts.	cwts.	cwts.
10th Oct.	577,438	47,038	624,476	577,438	47,038	624,476	1,230	7	1,237
5th Nov.	195,083	61,224	256,307	196,083	61,224	256,307	1,230	7	1,237
5th Dec.	240,073	54,437	294,510	240,073	54,437	294,510	1,230	7	1,237

Fluctuation in the Stock and Share Market during the Year 1851.—(Continued from p. 375, vol. xiv.)

Stock and Shares.	Amount of Share.	Amount Paid.	Price on the 1st January,		Highest Price during the Year.	Lowest Price during the Year.
			1852.	1851.		
Consols.....	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	96½	98½	99½	95½
Exchequer Bills .....	...	...	56s. Pm.	56s. Pm.	62s. Pm.	38s. Pm.
RAILWAYS—						
Brighton	Stock	100 0 0	87	...	99½	84½
Caledonian	50 0 0	50 0 0	10½	15½	17½	9½
Eastern Counties	20 0 0	20 0 0	6½	6½	8½	5
Great Northern	25 0 0	24 0 0	17½	18½	19½	15½
Great Western	100 0 0	100 0 0	77½	85½	94	74½
London and North Western	Stock	100 0 0	123½	115½	135	111
Midland	Stock	100 0 0	47	55½	67½	36½
North Staffordshire .....	...	...	9	...	12½	7½
South Eastern	33 2 4	33 2 4	23½	20	29	15½
South Western	Stock	100 0 0	77½	85½	92½	76½
York, Newcastle, and Berwick	Stock	25 0 0	18½	17½	23½	18½
York and North Midland	50 0 0	50 0 0	22½	21½	30½	16
—						
Boulogne and Amiens	20 0 0	20 0 0	8½	...	11½	8½
Northern of France	20 0 0	16 0 0	15½	...	18½	15½
East Indian	20 0 0	9 0 0	18½	...	21½	23½

Average Price of Meat as sold in Smithfield Market in the Months of Oct., Nov., and Dec., 1851.—(Continued from p. 375, vol. xiv.)

[From Returns sent to the Board of Trade.]

Description.	Oct.		Nov.		Dec.		Description.	Oct.		Nov.		Dec.
	£.	d.	£.	d.	£.	d.		£.	d.	£.	d.	
Superior Beasts	2	6	2	6	2	8	Coarse Calves	3	2	3	4	3
2nd class	2	8	2	10	3	0	Small Prime Calves	3	2	3	8	4
3rd class (Large Prime)	3	2	3	2	3	0	Large Hogs	3	2	3	2	3
4th class (Scots)	3	6	3	6	3	0	Small Neat Porkers	3	10	3	10	4
Inferior Sheep	2	8	2	8	2	0						
2nd Class	3	0	3	0	3	0						
3rd do. (long coarse-wooled)	3	6	4	0	4	0						
4th do. (South Down)	3	10	4	2	4	4						
Lambs .....	...	...	...	...	...	...

N.B.—Price of Meat at the rate of 8 lbs. Avordupois to the stone, sinking the offal.

CURRENCY.

BANK OF ENGLAND.

An Account, pursuant to the Act of the 7th and 8th Victoria, c. 32, for the Weeks ending on Saturday, the 18th October, the 15th November, and the 20th December, 1851.—(Continued from p. 376, vol. xiv.)

[From the "London Gazette."]

ISSUE DEPARTMENT.			
	Weeks ending		
	18th October, 1851.	15th Nov., 1851.	20th Dec., 1851.
	£	£	£
Notes issued	28,458,270	29,114,435	30,818,250
Government Debt	11,015,100	11,015,100	11,015,100
Other Securities	2,984,900	2,984,900	2,984,900
Gold Coin and Bullion	14,424,895	15,081,060	16,784,875
Silver Bullion	33,375	33,375	33,375
Total	28,458,270	29,114,435	30,818,250

BANKING DEPARTMENT.			
Proprietors' Capital	14,553,000	14,553,000	14,553,000
Rest	3,147,472	3,180,188	3,132,978
Public Deposits	5,396,169	6,938,290	9,202,522
Other Deposits	10,339,401	9,308,899	9,360,449
Seven-Day and other Bills	1,268,108	1,189,609	1,098,788
Total	34,704,150	35,169,986	37,347,737
Government Securities, including } Dead Weight Annuities }	13,241,768	13,241,768	13,244,220
Other Securities	13,083,883	11,818,439	11,366,148
Notes	7,782,265	9,528,870	12,142,055
Gold and Silver Coin	596,234	580,909	595,314
Total	34,704,150	35,169,986	37,347,737

COUNTRY BANKS.

Average Aggregate Amount of Promissory Notes of Country Banks, which have been in Circulation in the United Kingdom, distinguishing the several Banks, or Classes of Banks, by which issued in each part of the Kingdom, during the months ending 1st November, 29th November, and 27th December, 1851.—(Continued from p. 376, vol. xiv.)

Banks.	1st November, 1851.	29th November, 1851.	27th December, 1851.
England—Private Banks	3,605,425	3,499,762	3,371,061
Joint Stock Banks	2,860,449	2,783,190	2,678,437
Scotland—Chartered, Private, and } Joint Stock Banks	3,306,433	3,590,459	3,356,974
Ireland—Bank of Ireland, Private and } Joint Stock Banks	4,712,889	4,848,406	4,726,767
Total	14,485,196	14,721,817	14,133,239